

Strathclyde Partnership for Transport (SPT) are developing a strategy for active travel across the region. Active travel refers to journeys undertaken by people-powered modes, including walking, people using wheelchairs, and cycling (including e-bikes).

This survey aims to capture the views of organisations in the Strathclyde Region, such as community councils, community action groups, schools and higher education centres, and health and social care practices. If you are a member of an organisation, we ask that you complete this 15 minute survey to help us better understand your thoughts on the existing barriers that members of your organisation experience in relation to walking, wheeling* and cycling for their everyday and essential journeys. Everyday journeys can be for any purpose; commuting, leisure, or exercise. We are also seeking to understand what initiatives (if any) would encourage members of your organisation, and/or those your organisation represent, to walk, wheel or cycle to work more often.

Prior to completing this survey, please read about the active travel strategy principles here: https://bit.ly/3Q0p5em

Please submit this survey by **Sunday 12th November 2023**.

Should you require this survey in an alternative format or if you wish to request a printed copy to be posted to you, please get in touch with us by email at: TellUs-SPT@sweco.co.uk

*Wheeling refers to an alternative to foot-based pedestrian mobility and includes: using a wheelchair, or mobility scooter.

Funding for the project was awarded by Strathclyde Partnership for Transport and the Scottish Government through Sustrans Scotland's Places for Everyone programme.

This survey is being administered by Sweco UK Ltd on behalf of Strathclyde Partnership for Transport. Information provided will be treated confidentially and in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) 2018. Strathclyde Partnership for Transport's privacy statement, which explains how we will process your personal information and your rights as a data subject, is available at: https://www.spt.co.ukl/privacy/









1. What is the name of the organisation	n that you are responding on behalf of?
2. What local authority does the organ Select all that apply.	isation operate in?
Argyll & Bute	North Ayrshire
East Ayrshire	North Lanarkshire
East Dunbartonshire	Renfrewshire
East Renfrewshire	South Ayrshire
Glasgow City	South Lanarkshire
Inverclyde	West Dunbartonshire
digits of the postcode (e.g. PA60)	anisation's postcode. This is the first 2 to ourpose of this survey and will not be used for de the project team.
4. How many people are members of y	our organisation?
1-9 people	500 to 999 people
10-19 people	1000+ people
20-49 people	
50-99 people	
100-249 people	
250 to 499 people	

5. On what scale does the organisation Select all that apply.	operate?
Local	Regional
National	International
6. Does the organisation that you represent the stravel for their everyday journ of the stravel for the strave	
Yes	No
Not sure	
7. If yes, when was the most recent data. Please provide the month and year if know 8. Please indicate what percentage (%) everyday journeys	
9. Please indicate what percentage (%) everyday journeys	of members walk or wheel for their
10. Please indicate what percentage (% journeys) of members cycle for their everyday
11. Please indicate what percentage (% everyday journeys) of members drive or car share for their

to encourage members to walk, wheel or Tick all that apply	r cycle more?
Walking groups	Led cycles
Cycles for hire / to borrow	Cycle maintenance sessions
Discounted PT tickets	Trip sharing scheme
Route planning advice	Funding for walking, wheeling or cycling interventions (such
Discounted walking or cycle equipment (e.g. cycle to work scheme)	a cycle parking or bike hires
Other (please specify)	
Walking and wheeling 13. What are the main barriers to walking your organisation? Please select all that apply. Bollards / chicanes / gates /	
other barriers	Condition of footways / footpaths
Feeling unsafe walking or wheeling alone	Feeling unsafe walking or wheeling at night
Lack of continuous and joined up walking / wheeling routes	Lack of destinations within walking distance (e.g. shops)
Lack of footways / footpaths	Other ways of travelling are more convenient
Poor street lighting	Poor weather

12. Does the organisation currently offer any support programmes or initiatives

Routes not separated from those cycling	Steep gradients, such as hills
Uneven surfaces along paths	Narrow footways / footpaths
Other (please specify)	
14. Are there any other barriers to walki provide detail on?	ng or wheeling to work that you wish to
15. Of the barriers listed below, which wimportant to address? Please place numbers 1 to 3 in three of boand 3 being the least important.	vould you consider to be the three most xes below, with 1 being the most important
Bollards / chicanes / gates / other barriers	Condition of footways / footpaths
Feeling unsafe walking or wheeling alone	Feeling unsafe walking or wheeling at night
Lack of continuous and joined up walking / wheeling routes	Lack of destinations within walking distance (e.g. shops)
Lack of footways / footpaths	Other modes are more convenient
Poor street lighting	Poor weather

Routes not separated from those cycling	Steep gradients, such as hills
Uneven surfaces along paths	Narrow footways / footpaths
Other (please specify)	
Your Suggested Solutions 16. Please describe the active-travel rel address the priorities you have identified Suggestion 1:	ated solutions that you feel would best ed for walking and wheeling.
Suggestion 2:	
Suggestion 3:	

Cycling

17. What are the main barriers to cycling raised by members of your organisation?

Please select all that apply. Availability of cycle hire Do not own a bike locations near journey origin / destination Feeling unsafe cycling alone Behaviour of motorists High levels of traffic Feeling unsafe cycling at night Lack of continuous and joined Lack in confidence when up cycle routes cycling Lack of routes separate from Lack of dedicated cycle lanes vehicles on roads Limited health or fitness Lack of showers / changing Availability of information on facilities at destination cycle routes Other ways of travelling are Condition of cycle routes more convenient Condition of roads e.g. potholes, Poor weather overgrown hedges Steep gradients, such as hills Unable to maintain a bike Poor street lighting Other. Please specify: Lack of destinations within cycling distance (e.g. shops) 18. Are there any other barriers to cycling that you wish to provide detail on?

Cycling

19. Of the barriers listed below, which would you consider to be the three most important to address?

Please place numbers 1 to 3 in three of boxes below, with 1 being the most important and 3 being the least important.

Availability of cycle hire locations near journey origin / destination	Do not own a bike
Behaviour of motorists	Feeling unsafe cycling alone
Denaviour or motorists	High levels of traffic
Feeling unsafe cycling at night	Lack of continuous and joined
Lack in confidence when cycling	up cycle routes
Lack of dedicated cycle lanes	Lack of routes separate from vehicles
on roads	
Lack of showers / changing	Limited health or fitness
facilities at destination	Availability of information on cycle routes
Other ways of travelling are more convenient	Condition of cycle routes
Poor weather	Condition of roads e.g. potholes,
Steep gradients, such as hills	Unable to maintain a bike
Poor street lighting	Other. Please specify:
Lack of destinations within cycling distance (e.g. shops)	

Your Suggested Solutions

address the priorities you have identified for cycling.	
Suggestion 1:	
Suggestion 2:	
Suggestion 3:	
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Public transport

21. What are the main barriers to active travel and public transport journeys raised by members of your organisation?

Please select all that apply. Journeys including public transport refers to undertaking a journey via more than one method of travel. For example, cycling to a train station to take the train, or walking to a bus stop to catch a bus.

Affordability of public transport	Availability of active travel routes close to bus stops
Availability of active travel routes close to ferry terminals	Availability of active travel routes close to subway stations
Availability of active travel routes close to train stations	Availability of cycle parking at bus stops
Availability of cycle parking at ferry terminals	Availability of cycle parking at subway stations
Availability of cycle parking at train stations	Lack of cycle spaces on buses
Lack of cycle spaces on ferries	Lack of cycle spaces on the subway
Lack of cycle spaces on trains	Limitations on taking bikes on a bus
Limited accessibility to bus stops, such as dropped kerbs	Limited accessibility to ferry terminals, such as ramped access
Limited accessibility to the subway, such as step-free access	Limited accessibility to train stations or trains, such as ramped access
Limited safe crossing points to enter or leave stations	Other (please specify)

Public transport

22. Do you have any further comments about connections between walking, wheeling or cycling and public transport?	
23. Of the barriers listed below, which we important to address? Please place numbers 1 to 3 in three of boxe and 3 being the least important.	
Affordability of public transport	Availability of active travel routes close to bus stops
Availability of active travel routes close to ferry terminals	Availability of active travel routes close to subway stations
Availability of active travel routes close to train stations	Availability of cycle parking at bus stops
Availability of cycle parking at ferry terminals	Availability of cycle parking at subway stations
Availability of cycle parking at train stations	Lack of cycle spaces on buses
Lack of cycle spaces on ferries	Lack of cycle spaces on the subway
Lack of cycle spaces on trains	Limitations on taking bikes on a bus
Limited accessibility to bus stops, such as dropped kerbs	Limited accessibility to ferry terminals, such as ramped access
Limited accessibility to the subway, such as step-free access	Limited accessibility to train stations or trains, such as ramped access
Limited safe crossing points to enter or leave stations	

Your Suggested Solutions

24. Please describe the active-travel related solutions that you feel would best address the priorities you have identified for journeys that include public transport.
Suggestion 1:
Suggestion 2:
Suggestion 2:
Suggestion 3:

25. How would improving walking, wheeling and cycling in the Strathclyde region benefit your organisation?
26. If you have any questions in relation to this Active Travel Strategy, please detail these questions below and a member of the project team will get back to you.
Please remember to leave your email address below.
27. If you would like to be added to the project distribution list, please provide your email below:
Your email address will be securely stored and managed, and will only be used for the purpose of communicating project updates.

End of Survey

Thank you for taking the time to share your feedback.

Please post your completed survey to the below postal address or email a scanned copy to TellUs-SPT@sweco.co.uk

Sweco Transport Planning, City Park, 368 Alexandra Parade, Glasgow, G31 3AU









