### Committee report



#### Revenue Budget for 2022/23 - Update

Date of meeting 18 February 2022 Date of report 2 February 2022

**Report by Director of Finance & Corporate Support** 

#### 1. Object of report

To provide the members of Strategy & Programmes with an update on the preparations to present a balanced revenue budget for 2022/23 to the 18 March 2022 Partnership, and ask the members to consider the risks and challenges being faced at this stage. This report seeks to highlight the assumptions being made in the preparation of the budget, proposals for fees and charges and the draft proposed local authority requisition.

#### 2. Background

Since the start of the pandemic in March 2020, members have received regular financial reports outlining the ongoing financial and organisational pressures arising from the ongoing pandemic, including government restrictions and messaging of essential travel only in certain periods over the last two years. Members are also aware of the measures taken by SPT over the last two financial years that have been necessary to minimise the disruption to SPT arising from this financial instability.

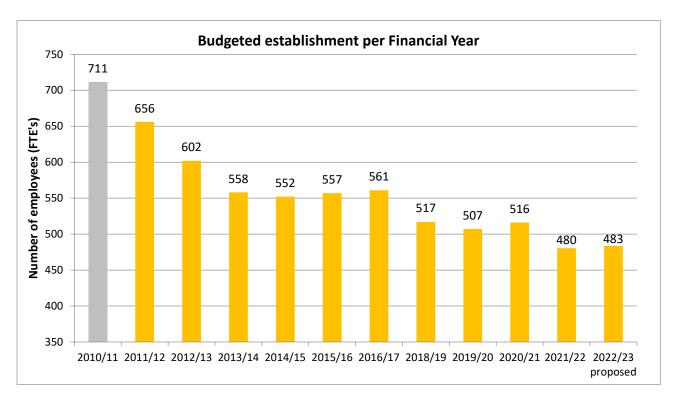
At present after a challenging winter period with the emergence of the Omicron variant there is a renewed hope as we move into the new financial year that the recovery stage of the pandemic will begin. The 2022/23 budget is being prepared on this basis with a positive outlook albeit with a lot of unknowns as we move into the future. The development of a robust and stable budget at this time continues to prove challenging, consistent with all public service organisations. There remain a significant number of unknowns at this stage including:

- The plans for easing restrictions in full, and thus any certainty around patronage numbers, trends and revenue plans,
- How much the anticipated shift by businesses from full time office working to a hybrid model will impact on Subway patronage numbers;
- The plans for easing support to commercial bus operators and the impact this will have on services linking communities not served by commercial networks,
- The final local government settlement and therefore the agreed requisition to SPT;
   and
- Uncertainty, whether the income loss support grant made available from Transport Scotland since 2020/21, will continue and if so at what level.

Notwithstanding the above uncertainties, financial planning for 2022/23 and beyond has endeavoured to take account of the current environment and pressures being faced, but also anticipating some of the pressures that may be brought to bear from the external environment. As a result, the proposed draft budget continues to focus within the resources available, on funding socially necessary bus services with ever increasing demand expected as the commercial market considers potential reductions in government support and therefore potentially continues to shrink, maintaining the current Subway fleet and associated infrastructure and supporting transitional plans for the Subway as we move from old to new rolling stock and updated associated working practices. In addition, looking beyond the pandemic, SPT plans to continue to invest in new digital solutions for transport information, ticketing solutions and maintenance of assets such as bus stations to a high standard, all of which puts pressure on the reduced revenue resources. SPT is keen to ensure that transport is a key enabler to the economic recovery post pandemic and a key contributor to the carbon reduction agenda. The recent announcement of the Strategic Transport Project Review is very encouraging and SPT will provide our support and transport expertise to the initial work on the Clyde Metro scheme as a key stakeholder, and is now considering the resource requirement to fully contribute to the significant challenge ahead.

Over the last 10 financial years SPT has continued to contribute to resource the Subway Fund within our revenue funding envelope. The purpose of this fund is to ensure that SPT can fund the overall modernisation project and associated works without placing any adverse financial pressure on our local authority partners through seeking increased requisition levels or a one-off significant funding request. The subway fund has been a key element in SPTs plans, to support its contribution to the subway project (£46m), as well as funding infrastructure works and revenue costs arising from the project including organisational change costs, training and development of the new asset base, as well as scheduled major refurbishments to maintain the asset for a life of up to 40 years. At this stage and based on an assessment of projected future Subway costs, and immediate financial pressures elsewhere in SPT, the current fund balance is at a level which allows SPT to pause contributions to the fund in 2022/23 in order to ensure SPT achieves a balanced budget position for 2022/23. The Subway Fund balance will be reviewed annually and further contributions may be required to be made in future financial years to support Subway long term planning. More certainty with regard to long term financial planning will hopefully become clearer as we move into the next phase of the pandemic recovery in 2022 and it is planned that an update to the long term financial strategy (LTFS) will be provided to members during the 2022/23 financial year.

Balancing the SPT revenue budget over the last decade has very much involved the reallocation of resources and significant works to redesign the organisation. This has resulted in significant headcount reductions to reallocate resources to the priority areas identified above and to ensure SPT is a lean, efficient organisation. The chart below shows the reduction in FTE's from 2010/11 to the proposed establishment for 2022/23. As can be seen there has been significant reductions over years with the proposed full time equivalent staff numbers for 2022/23 being 228 less than 2010/11 or 32%. However, in demonstrating this, like many organisations during the pandemic SPT, in light of revenue budget and funding pressures applied a recruitment freeze. This naturally brought pressures on some areas of the organisation. However it is planned moving forward that current vacant posts will be recruited in line with departmental plans and business needs remaining mindful at all times of the financial environment.

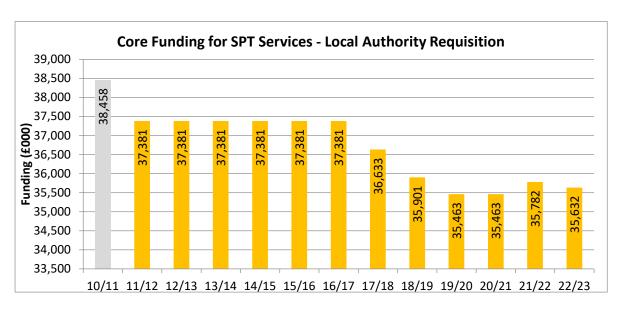


#### 3. Current Position

As noted the Scottish Government has again announced a one-year budget and local government settlement. SPT has actively engaged with both the local authorities and the Scottish Government throughout the budget setting process to establish an agreed funding method for the future – at the time of writing the local government settlement has been issued in draft and it is assumed following detailed discussions with local authority partners that the SPT requisition will mirror the \*/- percentage change to the settlement. At this stage for financial planning purposes it is assumed a 0.42% requisition reduction based on current projections provided. This assumption will not be finalised until the Scottish Parliament agree the full budget and is therefore subject to late changes.

Transport Scotland however have confirmed the continuation of their revenue support grant of £0.649m.

The current budget has been drafted whilst taking account of the external environment at this stage. The assumed level of requisition is reduced by 0.42% compared to 2021/22 – the chart below demonstrates the changes over the last decade and confirms that funding for transport still remains a significant challenge.



The proposed requisition (subject to the final settlement) for 2022/23 split by local authority can be seen in Appendix 1.

The proposed draft revenue budget for 2022/23 can be found at Appendix 2 – and is a balanced budget at this stage. It has been prepared on the assumption that as covid restrictions ease, Subway passenger numbers will increase and generate increased Subway income compared to 2020/21 and 2021/22. It has also been drafted after a comprehensive review of all expenditure lines, taking into account known cost pressures including increases in electricity, staff costs and supported services costs including the significant impact of inflation. At this stage there is no allocation in the Scottish Budget for covid support grant for light rail operators in 2022/23. However if the Scottish Government require to react to new variants by implementing new or additional restrictions, which impact on SPT's ability to generate planned income over a significant period of time then SPT would in all likelihood require proportionate funding from the Scottish Government to achieve a balanced budget position and would as a consequence need to make its case for financial support. Members' attention is drawn to the following:

- in undertaking the budget preparation, a number of scenarios have been considered for income levels the attached budget projection is based on a prudent approach given the number of unknowns regarding the full lifting of restrictions and incorporates passenger levels achieved in 2021/22. Specifically, this cautious approach assumes subway patronage will be based on patronage levels achieved in October and November 2021 which reached 70% to 75% of pre covid levels. This was just prior to the emergence of the Omicron variant which resulted in additional restrictions in December and a drop in patronage to 58% of pre covid levels. It is anticipated that this percentage will increase from February onwards as a result of new guidance from the Scottish Government changing the 'work from home' message to a hybrid working model. The budget also incorporates a modest increase in Subway fares the first since April 2019. Details of which can be found in section 4 below.
- the budget also acknowledges the will be negative impact to passenger numbers and Subway income from the introduction of free bus travel for under 22's (Young Persons' Free Bus Travel Scheme). It is difficult to quantify how significant the impact will be in 2022/23 in the absence of actual data but a phased reduction across the year culminating at 50% of under 22 patronage by the end of 2022/23 is assumed and the Subway income budget reflects this. As mentioned above Scottish Government covid support is not assumed at this stage for 2022/23 and SPT would

need to make its case for further support if it was required. The actual position for 2022/23 will clearly be dependent upon the restrictions in place, customer behaviours and support to public transport but based on current information is considered to be a balanced approach;

- the subsidised bus budget has been maintained at the same levels as 2021/22 but this has only been possible by reducing other budget lines. The budget reflects the current commitments and also gives SPT flexibility to react to increased demand for My Bus as covid restrictions ease in line with Scottish Government guidance. The budget also includes provision for inflationary increases in line with conditions of contract and assumes increases in contract renewals. In challenging times SPT has worked hard to protect the subsidised bus budget understanding the importance of supporting bus services in the SPT area. However this budget only allows for minimal scope to absorb the pressures that may arise from the pandemic recovery and the impact of reduced financial support to commercial operators from government. This could create increased demand for SPT to provide further support, with network gaps in the bus market potentially arising as commercial operators withdraw services. SPT will continue to monitor this risk, however any significant increased demand may not be directly affordable within the anticipated resource availability in the next financial year.
- an increase in staff costs from £22.9m to £24.2m the budget includes an allowance for the adoption of the public sector pay award framework and also takes account of the planned increase in employer national insurance contributions of 1.25% due to be implemented in April 2022. Employee levels remain relatively static compared to 2021/22 after a period of significant reductions.
- no planned revenue contribution to the Capital Budget this has been necessary in previous years to supplement the reduced capital funding received and support to local authority partner projects but with the current revenue budget pressures is not considered to be affordable, and
- a pause in contributions to the subway fund from £5.2m to zero. The Subway Fund balance will be reviewed annually and further contributions may be required to be made in future financial years to support Subway long term planning. At this stage no contributions are planned for either 2022/23 or 2023/24. This is a significant reduction which does bring risks to SPTs ability to ensure it has the resources available to respond to any new challenges arising from the subway project without seeking additional resources from local authority partners. However, this reduction is proposed based on an assessment of current Subway Fund balances and future Subway funding commitments and estimates.

Taking all of the above into account, a balanced budget is now presented to Strategy & Programmes for consideration and subject to members' comments and further refinements, subsequent approval by the Partnership. Further work will continue before Partnership approval to minimise the uncertainties around some of the assumptions made. However, this work is likely to continue into 2022/23 as restrictions ease and new scheme's such as under 22 free bus travel begin for which the impact to SPT is likely to be significant but not fully known at this stage.

#### 4. Proposals for Fares, Fees and Charges

As part of the budget setting process SPT has reviewed the fares that it levies for the various services that it provides to both the traveling public and transport operators. In reviewing the fares SPT has considered the potential increased income as well as the potential impact to the travelling public, operators and other stakeholders.

Subway fares are reviewed annually to ensure that all fares are set at an appropriate level for the service provided, whilst taking account of the offerings of other operators in the area. As can be seen from the table below, which details all subway fares, only modest changes have been proposed to fares with no changes to park and ride charges. The car park equipment is due to be replaced with a new system during 2022/23 and any park and ride fare changes will be considered post implementation. The last change to Subway fares was in April 2019 and SPT have absorbed all additional cost and income pressures during the pandemic without passing these costs onto passengers. A fare increase was approved for 2020/21 but was suspended with the onset of the covid pandemic. It is proposed that implementation of these proposed fares be scheduled for January 2023 to align to other rail operator's fare increases.

Smart Ticketing (STR)	Current Fare	Proposed Fare	Change
Adult Single	£1.55	£1.60	£0.05
Adult Daily Cap	£3.00	£3.10	£0.10
Child Single	£0.80	£0.80	No change
Child Daily Cap	£1.50	£1.55	£0.05
Disposable			
Adult Single	£1.75	£1.80	£0.05
Adult Return	£3.30	£3.40	£0.10
Adult Daily	£4.20	£4.30	£0.10
Child Single	£0.80	£0.85	£0.05
Child Return	£1.55	£1.60	£0.05
Child Daily	£2.10	£2.15	£0.05
Concession Single	£1.00	£1.00	Set by SCTC
Concession Return	£1.50	£1.65	Set by SCTC
Season Tickets - Online STR			
Adult 7 day	£13.00	£13.50	£0.50
Adult 28 day	£50.00	£52.00	£2.00
Adult 10 week	£120.00	£125.00	£5.00
Adult 6 month	£250.00	£260.00	£10.00
Adult Annual	£450.00	£470.00	£20.00
Child 7 day	£6.50	£6.50	No change
Child 28 day	£25.00	£25.00	No change
Child 10 week	£60.00	£60.00	No change
Child 6 month	£125.00	£125.00	No change
Child Annual	£225.00	£225.00	No change

Season Tickets (in stations)			
Adult 7 day	£14.00	£14.50	£0.50
Adult 28 day	£54.00	£56.00	£2.00
Adult 6 month	£270.00	£275.00	£5.00
Adult Annual	£485.00	£490.00	£5.00
Child 7 day	£7.00	£7.00	No change
Child 28 day	£27.00	£27.00	No change
Child 6 month	£135.00	£135.00	No change
Child Annual	£245.00	£245.00	No change
Park and Ride			
Park and Ride (all day disposable)	£5.70	£5.70	No change to park and ride
Park and Ride (all day STR)	£5.70	£5.70	fares. These will
STR parking only - 30 minutes	£0.60	£0.60	be reviewed post implementation
STR parking only - 1 hour	£1.20	£1.20	of new car park
STR parking only - 2 hours	£2.70	£2.70	equipment.
STR parking only - all day	£5.70	£5.70	
Parking only - 28 days	£53.00	£53.00	
Park and Ride - 7 day season ticket	£27.00	£27.00	
Park and Ride - 28 day season ticket	£105.00	£105.00	
Park and Ride - 6 month season ticket	£540.00	£540.00	
Park and Ride - annual season ticket	£960.00	£960.00	
Lost ticket fee	£3.20	£3.20	No change
Overstay day rate	£5.70	£5.70	No change
Season add on	£2.70	£2.70	No change

In budgeting for Subway income, consideration is given to many factors – fare increases, current and trending patronage levels, plans which may inadvertently risk service disruption, reliability of current aged assets and likelihood of unplanned disruptions, and general economic and market conditions. Whilst a fares increase is never welcome the average increase to fares affected is just over 3% which is below the current level of inflation.

In addition to Subway fares there are a number of other fees and charges applicable at Bus Stations and apply to Subsidised Bus Services. At this stage it is not proposed to change the fares, fees and charges of other SPT services given the level of uncertainty and the ongoing challenges in the bus market. However they will be reviewed during 2022/23.

#### 5. Reserves

The reserves policy states that reserve balances must be reported / reviewed annually as part of the budget setting process to the Partnership. The current reserves held by SPT along with the projected balances at 31st March 2022 are detailed in Appendix 3b. It is anticipated, based on the current revenue position for 2021/22 that there will additions to the

Rolling Stock, Signalling and Associated Equipment Fund and also to the Non-earmarked reserve.

One minor change is proposed to the reserves policy, which can be found at Appendix 3a. The proposed change in the policy document is to update the targeted level of non-earmarked reserves to be based on all operational income for a period of approximately 6 months. The change reflects the reality that SPT relies on income from across the organisation and that as result of our experiences over the last 2 years due to covid, particularly the first quarter of 2020/21, that it is prudent to do so. The proposed amendment to the policy is highlighted and shown under section 3.1 of Appendix 3a. Any further changes to the reserves policy will be considered as part of the review of the LTFS planned to be reported to members in 2022/23. The aim is for this to allow for longer term planning from a stronger baseline, taking into account specific organisational plans including from the new Regional Transport Strategy due to be delivered in 2022/23.

#### 6. Conclusions

The draft revenue budget for 2022/23 has been drafted taking cognisance of SPT's and our partners priorities and links planned spend to desired outcomes but also the current external environment which all public sector organisations have been faced over the last two years. There is still clearly a lot of unknowns as we hopefully move towards the recovery phase of the pandemic. The financial challenges continue and SPT continues to work closely with local authorities to bring about a stable, sustainable financial position.

Significant reductions have been built into the 2022/23 budget and through this a balanced budget has been achieved. No income loss grant for 2022/23 has been assumed at this stage although we will work closely with Transport Scotland during this challenging recovery period and keep them informed of SPT's financial position. The draft budget reflects the difficulties faced by SPT and the likelihood of considerable pressures continuing in 2022/23.

#### 7. Committee Action

Notwithstanding that the final Local Government Settlement remains outstanding, the committee is requested to consider and recommend to the Partnership for approval:

- the attached draft revenue budget for 2022/23 of £36.281m, subject to refinements over the coming weeks;
- requisitions totalling £35.632m, a 0.42% reduction compared to 2021/22, noting that this may be amended to reflect any change in the local government settlement formula;
- an increase to Subway fares in January 2023 as outlined in section 4;
- the update to the Reserves Policy in Appendix 3a; and
- note the current and projected reserve balances as detailed in Appendix 3b.

#### 8. Consequences

Policy consequences Expenditure plan has been aligned to agreed

priorities.

Legal consequences Required to set a balanced budget.

Financial consequences As outlined in the report.

Personnel consequences None directly.

Equalities consequences None directly.

Risk consequences Balanced budget dependent on strong financial

management.

Name Neil Wylie Name Valerie Davidson

Title Director of Finance & Title Chief Executive
Corporate Support

For further information, please contact *Neil Wylie, Director of Finance & Corporate Support* on 0141 333 3380.



### **Proposed Council Requisition - SPT**

Financial Year 2022/23

Argyll and Bute
East Ayrshire
East Dunbartonshire
East Renfrewshire
Glasgow
Inverclyde
North Ayrshire
North Lanarkshire
Renfrewshire
South Ayrshire
South Lanarkshire
<b>West Dunbartonshire</b>

**Total Requisition** 

Requisition Financial Year 2021/22
408,906
1,949,014
1,735,439
1,526,017
10,113,596
1,242,794
2,152,366
5,453,118
2,860,982
1,798,856
5,120,215
1,420,587
35,781,890

Proposed Financial Year 2022/23
404,979
1,933,720
1,729,376
1,527,575
10,108,141
1,225,432
2,134,884
5,424,912
2,852,715
1,783,284
5,101,778
1,404,810
, - ,
35,631,606

- 1. The above is based on a reduction of 0.42% in 2022/23 compared with 2021/22.
- 2. Change in % allocation to Councils due to update on the latest Mid Point population survey (mid-2020)



**Total Funding** 

Difference

### **Budget Report by Division**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data
	Budget 2021/22
Chief Executive	
Policy & Strategy Cabinet	446,003 474,784
Total Chief Executive	920,787
Operations	
Subway Bus Operations Projects Health and Safety Customer Standards	16,659,577 16,751,913 351,757 171,109 569,635
Total Operations	34,503,991
Business Support	
Finance Digital Human Resources Legal Services Business Support Elected Members Contact Centre Corporate	1,334,742 1,184,825 262,237 356,928 225,958 74,626 192,339 1,655,793
Total Business Support	5,287,447
Contribution to Subway Fund	5,200,000
Net Total	45,912,225
Funded by: SPT Requisition RTP Core Funding Estimated Covid Support Grant	35,781,890 649,500 9,480,835

Propo	osed	Draft			
·					
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24		
518,300 306,620	(72,296) 168,164	529,291 312,578	(10,991) (5,958)		
824,920	95,868	841,869	(16,949)		
10,901,209 16,819,102	5,758,368 (67,189)	11,949,209 17,046,107	(1,047,999) (227,006)		
424,074	(72,317)	439,507	(15,433)		
177,842	(6,733)	182,482	(4,640)		
580,521	(10,886)	591,041	(10,520)		
28,902,748	5,601,242	30,208,346	(1,305,598)		
1,366,490	(31,749)	1,402,854	(36,364)		
1,217,469	(32,644)	1,252,552	(35,083)		
276,905 310,619	(14,668) 46,309	283,174 319,895	(6,269) (9,277)		
232,695	(6,738)	237,263	(4,567)		
55,643	18,983	55,746	(103)		
238,247	(45,908)	243,748	(5,502)		
2,855,369	(1,199,576)	1,435,658	1,419,711		
6,553,438	(1,265,991)	5,230,892	1,322,546		
-	5,200,000	-	-		
36,281,106	9,631,119	36,281,106	(0)		

35,781,890 649.500
9,480,835
45,912,225
0

0		0	
36,281,106	(9,631,119)	36,281,106	-
-	(9,480,835)	-	-
649,500	-	649,500	-
35,631,606	(150,284)	35,631,606	-

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#### Revenue Monitoring Report

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data	Proposed Draft			Notes		
	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24		
EXPENDITURE							
Employee Costs							
						Includes impact of small increase to establishment, salary uplift for all employees and	
Salaries Overtime	17,176,891 671,040	17,971,040 615,040	(794,149) 56,000	18,102,567 615,040	(131,527)	1 salary increments where applicable.	
Other Employee Costs	5,137,670	5,444,660	(306,990)	5,574,874	(130,214)	Includes costs associated with the national insurance increase partially offset by a 2 reduction in costs due to an increase in the vacancy time lag adjustment.	
						2 reduction in costs due to an increase in the vacancy time ray adjustment.	
Sub Total Employee Costs	22,985,601	24,030,740	(1,045,139)	24,292,481	(261,741)		
Property Costs							
Electricity	1,926,251	2,198,439	(272,188)	2,413,945	(215,506)	Increase based on projections provided by Procurement Scotland for estimated electric rates increases.	
Repairs and Maintenance	438,000	432,000	6,000	432,000	-	Tatos moreados.	
Property Insurance Other Property Costs	381,000 3,674,793	381,000 3,719,849	(45,055)	381,000 3,800,373	(80,525)	4 Incorporates increased contract costs and increased inflation rate impact.	
Sub Total Property Costs	6,420,045	6,731,288	(311,243)	7,027,319	(296,031)		
• •			, , ,		, , ,	The main budget increase relates to increased ticketing costs based on current stock	
Sumplies 9 Services	1.012.006	2.077.409	(464 402)	2.058.400	10.010	5 balances and anticipated patronage numbers. This is partially offset by the removal of 2021/22 budget for COP26.	
Supplies & Services	1,913,006	2,077,408	(164,402)	2,058,490	18,918	v	
Transport & Plant Costs	110,550	136,550	(26,000)	136,550	-	6 Increase reflects planned investment in current bus fleet.	
Third Party Payments							
						This budget is retained at a same level as 2021/22 and reflects current commitments v provision to increase My Bus capacity if demand increases. However it leaves limited	
						scope to absorb any significant changes that may arise from the pandemic recovery an	
Bus Operator Payments Communications	13,361,737 359,000	13,361,737 359,000	-	13,361,737 359,000	-	if support to commercial operators from government is potentially reduced.	
						Includes additional costs associated with the TSSSA contract in line with the payment profile. It also incorporates increased computer maintenance costs, consultancy costs	
						and a corporate provision to shield SPT from the potential effects of inflation increases and changes in the bus market. Also to assist SPT in supporting/resourcing new	
Other Third Party Payments	6,581,998	9,038,370	(2,456,372)	8,578,302	460,068	projects like Glasgow Metro.	
Sub Total Third Party Payments	20,302,735	22,759,107	(2,456,372)	22,299,039	460,068		
Financing Costs						This reduction represents a pause in contributions to this fund based on an assessmen	
Contribution to Subway Fund	5,200,000	_	5,200,000	_		of balances held aligned to the long terms plans for the Subway. This will be reviewed on an annual basis.	
•				•		on an annual babis.	
Sub Total Financing Costs	5,200,000		5,200,000		-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	56,931,937	55,735,093	1,196,844	55,813,879	(78,785)		
INCOME						Budget reflects increase in line with current year income and includes a reduction for the	
Subway Income	(6,733,346)	(14,548,560)	7,815,214	(14,686,893)	138,333	impact of U22 free bus travel. The projection incorporates a prudent estimate of patronage increases as restrictions ease.	
cashay moone	(0,733,040)	(14,540,500)	7,010,214	(14,000,000)	100,000	Increased income projected under rental income and parking fees based on current	
Bus Station Income	(2,068,509)	(2,225,081)	156,571	(2,157,531)	(67,550)	2021/22 income. Also incorporates increased external funding for supported bus services.	
Agency Income - Agency Fee	(1,484,356)	(1,488,347)	3,991	(1,496,348)	8,002	Interest received budget increased due to an increase in interest rates and current cas	
Interest Received Other Income	(400,000) (333,500)	(800,000) (392,000)	400,000 58,500	(800,000) (392,000)	-	<ul> <li>balances.</li> <li>Incorporates budgeted increase in corporate rental income for 2022/23.</li> </ul>	
TOTAL INCOME			·		78,785		
	(11,019,712)	(19,453,987)	8,434,276	(19,532,772)	•		
Net Total	45,912,225	36,281,106	9,631,119	36,281,106	Page 2		



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Policy & Strategy**

**Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24** 

	Historic Data		Proposed		Draft		Notes
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22		Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
Employee Costs							
Salaries Other Employee Costs	332,076 101,428		384,798 121,001	(52,723) (19,573)	392,582 124,209	(7,784) (3,207)	1 1
Sub Total Employee Costs	433,503	ı	505,800	(72,296)	516,791	(10,991)	
Supplies & Services	1,000		1,000	-	1,000	-	
Transport & Plant Costs	1,500		1,500	-	1,500	-	
Third Party Payments							
Communications	10,000		10,000	-	10,000	-	
Sub Total Third Party Payments	10,000		10,000	-	10,000	-	
Total	446,003	l	518,300	(72,296)	529,291	(10,991)	

<sup>1.</sup> Increase incorporates one new post budgeted, the impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Cabinet**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

Historic Data	
Budget 2021/22	
355,849 112,935	
468,784	
3,000 3,000	
474,784	

Prop	osed	Dra	Notes	
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
226,730 73,890 300,620	129,119 39,045 168,164	231,164 75,414 306,578	(4,435) (1,523) (5,958)	1 1
3,000	-	3,000 3,000		
306,620	168,164	312,578	(5,958)	

#### **Notes**

1. Reduction incorporates one post not budgeted for offset by the impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Subway**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data	Prop	Proposed Draft		aft	Notes
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
Employee Costs						
Salaries Overtime Other Employee Costs	9,698,548 608,040 2,834,980	10,214,991 565,040 3,142,528	(516,443) 43,000 (307,548)	10,424,241 565,040 3,212,797	(209,251) - (70,269)	1
Sub Total Employee Costs	13,141,568	13,922,559	(780,991)	14,202,078	(279,519)	
Property Costs						
Electricity Property Insurance	1,664,213 350,000	1,862,095 350,000	(197,882)	2,048,304 350,000	(186,209)	2
Other Property Costs	2,103,426	2,142,340	(38,914)	2,173,483	(31,143)	3
Sub Total Property Costs	4,117,639	4,354,435	(236,796)	4,571,787	(217,352)	
Supplies & Services	1,701,945	1,905,500	(203,555)	1,910,500	(5,000)	4
Transport & Plant Costs	22,500	17,000	5,500	17,000	-	
Third Party Payments						
Bus Operator Payments Other Third Party Payments	25,400 4,383,871	25,400 5,224,875	- (841,004)	25,400 5,909,337	(684,462)	5
Sub Total Third Party Payments	4,409,271	5,250,275	(841,004)	5,934,737	(684,462)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	23,392,923	25,449,769	(2,056,846)	26,636,102	(1,186,333)	
INCOME						
Subway Income	(6,733,346)	(14,548,560)	7,815,214	(14,686,893)	138,333	6
TOTAL INCOME	(6,733,346)	(14,548,560)	7,815,214	(14,686,893)	138,333	
Net Total	16,659,577	10,901,209	5,758,368	11,949,209	(1,047,999)	

- 1. Includes impact of small increase to establishment, salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.
- 2. Increase based on projections provided by Procurement Scotland for estimated electricity rates increases.
- 3. Incorporates increased contract costs and increased inflation rate impact.
- 4. The main budget increase relates to increased ticketing costs based on current stock balances and anticipated patronage numbers. The 2021/22 budget was reduced due to covid.
- 5. Includes additional costs associated with the TSSSA contract in line with the payment profile.
- 6. Budget reflects increase in line with current year income and includes a reduction for the impact of U22 free bus travel. The projection incorporates a prudent estimate of patronage increases as restrictions ease.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Bus Operations**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data	Proposed		Draft		Notes
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
Employee Costs						
Salaries	2,585,952	2,681,134	(95,182)	2,743,567	(62,433)	1
Overtime Other Employee Costs	40,500 749,618	34,500 807,849	6,000 (58,231)	34,500 829,295	(21,446)	1
. ,			, ,	,		
Sub Total Employee Costs	3,376,070	3,523,483	(147,413)	3,607,362	(83,879)	
Property Costs						
Electricity	217,039	249,594	(32,556)	274,554	(24,959)	2
Repairs and Maintenance	408,000	407,000	1,000	407,000	-	_
Property Insurance	19,000	19,000	- (004)	19,000	- (40.447)	
Other Property Costs	1,253,377	1,253,669	(291)	1,301,786	(48,117)	
Sub Total Property Costs	1,897,416	1,929,263	(31,847)	2,002,340	(73,077)	
Supplies & Services	46,000	48,000	(2,000)	48,000	-	
Transport & Plant Costs	66,600	98,100	(31,500)	98,100	-	3
Third Party Payments						
Bus Operator Payments	13,336,337	13,336,337	-	13,336,337	-	4
Communications	4,000	4,000	- (04.000)	4,000	- (5.000)	
Other Third Party Payments	269,000	290,000	(21,000)	295,000	(5,000)	
Sub Total Third Party Payments	13,609,337	13,630,337	(21,000)	13,635,337	(5,000)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	18,995,423	19,229,183	(233,760)	19,391,138	(161,956)	
INCOME						
Bus Operations Income	(2,068,509)	(2,225,081)	156,571	(2,157,531)	(67,550)	5
Agency Fee Income - Councils	(175,000)	(185,000)	10,000	(187,500)	2,500	
TOTAL INCOME	(2,243,509)	(2,410,081)	166,571	(2,345,031)	(65,050)	
Net Total	16,751,913	16,819,102	(67,189)	17,046,107	(227,006)	

- 1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.
- 2. Increase based on projections provided by Procurement Scotland for estimated electricity rates increases.
- 3. Increase reflects planned investment in current bus fleet.
- 4. This budget is retained at a same level as 2021/22 and reflects current commitments with provision to increase My Bus capacity if demand increases. However it leaves limited scope to absorb any significant changes that may arise from the pandemic recovery and if support to commercial operators from government is potentially reduced.
- 5. Increased income projected under rental income and parking fees based on current 2021/22 income. Also incorporates increased external funding for supported bus services.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Projects**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

EXPENDITURE
Employee Costs
Salaries Other Employee Costs
Sub Total Employee Costs
Supplies & Services  Transport & Plant Costs
Net Total

Historic Data
Budget 2021/22
745,089
228,433
973,522
(626,765)
, ,
5,000
351,757
001,707

Proposed		Dra	Draft	
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
751,742 238,267 990,009	(6,653) (9,834) (16,487)	781,109 248,355 1,029,464	(29,367) (10,088) (39,454)	1 1
(570,935) 5,000	(55,830)	(594,956) 5,000	24,022	2
424,074	(72,317)	439,507	(15,433)	

- 1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.
- 2. Reduction in capitalised salaries due to support being provided for non capital projects.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Health and Safety**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

130,737 39,572

170,309

600

200

171,109

	Historic Data
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22
Employee Costs	
Salaries Other Employee Costs	130,73 39,57
Sub Total Employee Costs	170,30
Supplies & Services	60
Transport & Plant Costs	20
Net Total	171,10

Prop	Proposed		Draft	
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
134,748 42,295	(4,010) (2,722)	138,153 43,530	(3,405) (1,235)	1 1
177,042	(6,733)	181,682	(4,640)	
600	-	600	-	
200	-	200	-	
177,842	(6,733)	182,482	(4,640)	

#### **Notes**

1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.

Variance 22/23 v

23/24

(7,830)

(2,690)

(10,520)

(10,520)

Notes



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Customer Standards**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Histo
EXPENDITURE	Budge
Employee Costs	
Salaries Overtime Other Employee Costs	
Sub Total Employee Costs	
Supplies & Services	
Transport & Plant Costs	
Net Total	

Historic Data	Propo	osed	Dra
Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24
386,564 15,000 116,071 517,635	395,947 10,000 122,573 528,521	(9,384) 5,000 (6,502) (10,886)	403,778 10,000 125,263 539,041
51,000	51,000	(10,000)	51,000
1,000	1,000	-	1,000
569,635	580,521	(10,886)	591,041

	N	0	<u>te</u>	<u>s</u>
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- 1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.
- 2. Reduction in overtime based on prior years overtime expenditure.



## **Budget Report by Directorate - Finance**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data	Propo	osed	Dra	aft	Notes
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
Employee Costs						
Salaries Other Employee Costs	992,872 291,970	1,020,106 314,485	(27,233) (22,515)	1,043,638 317,316	(23,533) (2,831)	1 1
Sub Total Employee Costs	1,284,842	1,334,590	(49,749)	1,360,954	(26,364)	
Supplies & Services	22,500	11,500	11,000	11,500	-	
Transport & Plant Costs	400	400	-	400	-	
Third Party Payments						
Other Third Party Payments	27,000	20,000	7,000	30,000	(10,000)	
Sub Total Third Party Payments	27,000	20,000	7,000	30,000	(10,000)	
Net Total	1,334,742	1,366,490	(31,749)	1,402,854	(36,364)	

#### <u>Notes</u>

<sup>1.</sup> Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.



## **Budget Report by Directorate - Digital**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data	Propo	osed	Dra	aft	Notes
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
Employee Costs						
Salaries Overtime Other Employee Costs	900,949 3,000 257,876	919,791 3,000 286,679	(18,842) - (28,802)	945,903 3,000 295,649	(26,113) - (8,970)	1 1
Sub Total Employee Costs	1,161,825	1,209,469	(47,644)	1,244,552	(35,083)	
Supplies & Services	3,000	3,000	-	3,000	-	
Transport & Plant Costs	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	-	
Third Party Payments						
Other Third Party Payments	15,000	-	15,000	-	-	
Sub Total Third Party Payments	15,000	-	15,000	-	-	
Net Total	1,184,825	1,217,469	(32,644)	1,252,552	(35,083)	

<sup>1.</sup> Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Human Resources**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	HISTORIC Data
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22
Employee Costs	
Salaries Other Employee Costs	196,367 58,870
Sub Total Employee Costs	255,237
Supplies & Services	7,000

Proposed		Dra	Notes	
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
205,848 64,057	(9,481) (5,187)	210,515 65,660	(4,666) (1,603)	1 1
269,905	(14,668)	276,174	(6,269)	
7,000	-	7,000	-	
276,905	(14,668)	283,174	(6,269)	

#### **Notes**

**Net Total** 

1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.

262,237

Notes



## **Budget Report by Directorate - Legal Services**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

EXPENDITURE	
Employee Costs	
Salaries Other Employee Costs	
Sub Total Employee Costs	
Supplies & Services	
Transport & Plant Costs	
Net Total	

Historic Data
Budget 2021/22
269,237 84,841
354,078
2,000
850
356,928

Prop	osed	Draft		
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
231,798 75,971	37,439 8,870	238,703 78,342	(6,905) (2,372)	
307,769	46,309	317,045	(9,277)	
2,000	-	2,000	-	
850	-	850	-	
310,619	46,309	319,895	(9,277)	

#### **Notes**

1. Reduction incorporates one post removed offset by the impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.

(3,400)(1,168)

(4,567)

Notes



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Business Support**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	His
	Bud
EXPENDITURE	
Employee Costs	
Salaries Other Employee Costs	
Sub Total Employee Costs	
Supplies & Services	
Transport & Plant Costs	
Net Total	

Historic Data	Propo	Proposed Draft		aft
Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24
170,460 52,997	174,311 55,885	(3,851) (2,887)	177,711 57,052	(3,400) (1,168)
223,458	230,195	(6,738)	234,763	(4,567)
2,000	2,000	-	2,000	-
500	500	-	500	-
225,958	232,695	(6,738)	237,263	(4,567)

#### **Notes**

1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.



## **Budget Report by Directorate - Elected Members**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22
Supplies & Services	50,126
Transport & Plant Costs	3,500
Third Party Payments	
Other Third Party Payments	21,000
Sub Total Third Party Payments	21,000
Net Total	74,626

Proposed		Dra	Notes	
Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
52,143	(2,017)	52,246	(103)	
3,500	-	3,500	-	
-	21,000	-	-	1
-	21,000	-	-	
55,643	18,983	55,746	(103)	

<sup>1.</sup> Budget provision for ongoing consultancy support for elected members is now budgeted under public affairs.



### **Budget Report by Directorate - Contact Centre**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

	Historic Data	Prop	Proposed		aft	Notes
EXPENDITURE	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Variance 21/22 v 22/23	Budget 2023/24	Variance 22/23 v 23/24	
Employee Costs						
Salaries Overtime Other Employee Costs	352,011 4,500 93,584	363,313 2,500 102,181	(11,301) 2,000 (8,597)	371,503 2,500 104,994	(8,190) - (2,813)	1
Sub Total Employee Costs	450,095	467,993	(17,898)	478,997	(11,003)	
Supplies & Services	56,600	58,100	(1,500)	58,100	-	
Transport & Plant Costs	500	500	-	500	-	
Third Party Payments						
Other Third Party Payments	47,000	25,000	22,000	25,000	-	2
Sub Total Third Party Payments	47,000	25,000	22,000	25,000	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	554,195	551,593	2,602	562,597	(11,003)	
INCOME						
Agency Fee Income - Councils Other Income	(309,356)	(303,347) (10,000)	(6,009) 10,000	(308,848) (10,000)	5,502 -	
TOTAL INCOME	(309,356)	(313,347)	3,991	(318,848)	5,502	
Net Total	244,839	238,247	6,592	243,748	(5,502)	

- 1. Includes impact of salary uplift for all employees, salary increments where applicable and the national insurance increase.
- 2. Incorporates reduced Post Office card management support costs for concessionary travel and agency staff costs.



#### **Budget Report by Directorate - Corporate**

Draft Budget Summary - 2022/23 - 2023/24

Budget 2021/22   Budget 2021/23   Variance 21/22 v 22/23   Budget 2023/24   Variance 22/23 v 23/24   Variance 22/23 v 2		Historic Data	Propo	Proposed		Draft	
Salaries	EVENDITURE	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23		Budget 2023/24		
Salaries	EXPENDITURE						
Cher Employee Costs	Employee Costs						
Property Costs   Electricity					(3,000)	265,784 -	
Electricity	Sub Total Employee Costs	174,676	262,784	(88,108)	(3,000)	265,784	
Repairs and Maintenance   30,000   25,000   25,000   12	Property Costs						
Supplies & Services   593,000   503,500   89,500   503,500   -   4	Repairs and Maintenance Property Insurance	30,000 12,000	25,000 12,000	5,000	25,000 12,000	-	3
Communications   355,000   355,000   3,468,495   (1,659,368)   2,308,965   1,159,530   5	Sub Total Property Costs	404,990	447,590	(42,600)	453,193	(5,603)	
Communications   355,000   1,809,127   3,468,495   (1,659,368)   2,308,965   1,159,530   5	Supplies & Services	593,000	503,500	89,500	503,500	-	4
Other Third Party Payments         1,809,127         3,468,495         (1,659,368)         2,308,965         1,159,530         5           Sub Total Third Party Payments         2,164,127         3,823,495         (1,659,368)         2,663,965         1,159,530         5           Financing Costs         5,200,000         -         5,200,000         -         -         6           Sub Total Financing Costs         5,200,000         -         5,200,000         -         -         6           TOTAL EXPENDITURE         8,536,793         5,037,369         3,499,424         3,617,658         1,419,711           INCOME         Agency Fee Income - Councils Interest Received (400,000) (800,000) (800,000) (800,000) - 7 (1,000,000)	Third Party Payments						
Financing Costs  Contribution to Subway Fund  5,200,000  - 5,200,000  - 5,200,000  - 5,200,000  6  Sub Total Financing Costs  5,200,000  - 5,200,000  6  TOTAL EXPENDITURE  8,536,793  5,037,369  3,499,424  3,617,658  1,419,711  INCOME  Agency Fee Income - Councils Interest Received (400,000) (400,000) (800,000) (800,000) (1,000,000) (800,000				- (1,659,368)		- 1,159,530	5
Contribution to Subway Fund         5,200,000         -         5,200,000         -         -         6           Sub Total Financing Costs         5,200,000         -         5,200,000         -         -         -         6           TOTAL EXPENDITURE         8,536,793         5,037,369         3,499,424         3,617,658         1,419,711           INCOME           Agency Fee Income - Councils Interest Received (400,000) (400,000) (800,000) (800,000) (800,000) (900,000) (800,000) (900,	Sub Total Third Party Payments	2,164,127	3,823,495	(1,659,368)	2,663,965	1,159,530	
Sub Total Financing Costs         5,200,000         -         5,200,000         -	Financing Costs						
TOTAL EXPENDITURE 8,536,793 5,037,369 3,499,424 3,617,658 1,419,711  INCOME  Agency Fee Income - Councils (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - (1,000,000) (800,000) - 7 Other Income (333,500) (382,000) 48,500 (382,000) - 8  TOTAL INCOME (1,733,500) (2,182,000) 448,500 (2,182,000) -	Contribution to Subway Fund	5,200,000	-	5,200,000	-	-	6
Agency Fee Income - Councils   (1,000,000)   (1,000,000)   -	Sub Total Financing Costs	5,200,000	-	5,200,000	-	-	
Agency Fee Income - Councils (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - (1,000,000) - (1,000,000) - (1,000,000) (800,000) (800,000) - 7 (1,000,000) (800,000) - 7 (1,000,000) -	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	8,536,793	5,037,369	3,499,424	3,617,658	1,419,711	
Interest Received	INCOME						
	Interest Received	(400,000)	(800,000)		(800,000)	- - -	
Net Total 6,803,293 2,855,369 3,947,924 1,435,658 1,419,711	TOTAL INCOME	(1,733,500)	(2,182,000)	448,500	(2,182,000)	-	
	Net Total	6,803,293	2,855,369	3,947,924	1,435,658	1,419,711	

- 1. Increase relates to further provision for potential cost of living increase for employees.
- 2. Decrease relates to projected increase in the vacancy time lag recovery based on trends relating to the average number of vacant posts in the establishment in previous financial years.
- 3. Increase based on projections provided by Procurement Scotland for estimated electricity rates increases.
- 4. 2021/22 budget included a budget for COP26 which is not required in 2022/23.
- 5. Increase in budget represents increased computer maintenance costs, consultancy costs and a corporate provision to shield SPT from the potential effects of inflation increases and changes in the bus market. Also to assist SPT in supporting/resourcing new projects like Glasgow Metro.
- 6. This reduction represents a pause in contributions to this fund based on an assessment of balances held aligned to the long terms plans for the Subway. This will be reviewed on an annual basis.
- 7. Interest received budget increased due to an increase in interest rates and current cash balances.
- 8. Incorporates budgeted increase in corporate rental income for 2022/23.

# Strathclyde Partnership for Transport Reserves Policy

#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 It is best practice that the Partnership has a documented and approved Reserves Policy.
- 1.2 Local Authority Accounting Practice (LAAP) Bulletin 99 published in July 2014 provides advice from CIPFA in respect of Local Authority Reserves and Balances. This guidance applies to the Partnership, as the Partnership follows local authority accounting rules.
- 1.3 The following Policy reflects the key messages from the LAAP Bulletin and also outlines the practical application.

#### 2.0 LAAP Bulletin 99 - Main Messages

- 2.1 In Scotland there are explicit statutory powers under Schedule 3 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975 permitting Local Authorities to establish a Renewal and Repair Fund, an Insurance Fund and Capital Fund alongside a requirement to maintain a General Fund Reserve. These powers extend to the Partnership as well.
- 2.2 Within the General Fund Reserve, organisations are allowed to create specific funds earmarked for specific purposes, which are called earmarked reserves.
- 2.3 It is the duty of the Chief Finance Officer to report on the robustness of estimates and adequacy of reserves as part of their statutory duty. This requirement also needs to take account of the requirements of CIPFA's Prudential Code in respect of affordability when making recommendations about the Partnership's future Capital Programme.
- 2.4 The LAAP Bulletin makes it clear it is not the responsibility of External Auditors to prescribe the optimum or minimum level of reserves for organisations.
- 2.5 Whilst not prescribing a generally acceptable minimal level of reserves the LAAP Bulletin makes it clear that reserves should not be held without a clear purpose. This purpose however does include "a contingency to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies".
- 2.7 In the case of Earmarked Reserves there should be a clear protocol setting out the purpose of the reserve, how and when the reserve can be used and a process for review of the reserve to ensure continuing relevance and adequacy.
- 2.8 The LAAP Bulletin concludes that "it is not normally prudent for reserves to be deployed to finance recurrent expenditure" and "where such action is taken it should be made explicit and an explanation given as to how such expenditure will be funded in the medium to long term"

#### 3.0 Types of Reserves Operated by the Partnership

#### 3.1 General Fund Reserve

The General Fund Reserve is split between earmarked and non-earmarked reserves. As the name suggests the earmarked reserves are held for a specific purpose, but there is no restriction on whether the funds are spent on capital or revenue. The non-earmarked reserve is

SPTs true general reserve and is held as an organisational contingency. SPT's non earmarked reserve is targeted to be held at approximately six months of operational income.

#### 3.2 Repairs and Renewals Fund

The Repairs and Renewals Fund is held to fund expenditure which relates directly to the repairing, maintaining, replacing works of plant, building or equipment. Utilisation of this fund can only be agreed as part of the annual budget process (or capital / revenue amendments).

#### 3.3 Insurance Fund

The Insurance Fund can only be used to fund expenditure directly relating to insurance, including the costs of insurance excesses, premiums and risk management.

#### 3.4 Capital Fund

The Capital Fund can be utilised to fund approved capital expenditure. Utilisation of this fund can only be agreed as part of the annual capital budget process (or capital amendments).

#### 4.0 Governance of Reserves

- 4.1 It is important that there is clarity on the rules and responsibilities in respect of the governance of the Partnership's Funds and Reserves. The governance arrangements are: -
  - Balances The non-earmarked general fund balance will be held at approximately 6 months
    of Operational income. All other balances to be held at approved levels varied for any draws
    and additions. Balances will be reviewed annually as part of the budget setting process.
  - Creation With the exception of earmarked reserves all other reserves are statutory. The
    creation of a new earmarked reserve requires the approval of the Strategy & Programmes
    Committee. As a minimum a request to create a new earmarked reserve must include:
    - o a description of what the reserve is for;
    - o the reason that the reserve is required;
    - o the amount of reserve that is required;
    - o timescales for the utilisation of the reserve; and
    - o how the reserve will be funded.
  - Additions Where an addition to reserves is planned as part of the budget setting process it
    must be approved by the Partnership. In year additions to reserves must be approved by
    the Strategy and Programmes Committee.
  - Draws The utilisation of reserves must be approved by the Partnership as part of the Capital or Revenue budget process. Where the need to utilise a reserve arises in year it must be approved by the Strategy and Programmes Committee and reported to the Partnership.
  - Reporting / Review Reserve balance must be reported / reviewed annually as part of the budget setting process to the Partnership. Any amendments to reserves required following the review, will be proposed as part of the budget setting process. Where any amendments are being made to reserves or new reserves created in year the report to the Strategy and Programmes Committee must include details of all current reserve balances held.

Unapplied Capital Grants are excluded from the above governance arrangements as, although a cash reserve, the fund is simply utilised to account for capital grants between financial years.

#### 5.0 Review

The Reserves Policy requires to be reviewed and approved no less frequently than three yearly by the Strategy and Programmes Committee. The Director of Finance may review the Reserves Policy at any time where a change in the external or internal environment has had or is going to have a significant impact on the policy. Any changes to the policy must be presented to the Strategy and Programmes Committee with the revised Reserves Policy ultimately being approved by the Partnership.

### **Projected Reserve Balances as at 31 March 2022**

Description	2020/21 (£000's)	Estimated Additions / (Draw) 2021/22 (£000's)	Revised Balance (£000's)
Earmarked Reserves			
Rolling Stock, Signalling and Associated	45,423	5,200	50,623
Equipment Fund			
Subway Infrastructure Fund	20,000	-3,913	16,087
Guideline Criteria Review Fund / Transport	10,000	0	10,000
Act Implementation			
Strategic Bus Routes Fund	3,723	1,500	5,223
Total Earmarked Reserves	79,146	2,787	81,933
Non-earmarked balance	7,867	4,500	12,367
Total General Fund Balance	87,013	7,287	94,300
Capital Fund	26,133	40	26,173
Renewal & Repairs Fund	1,500	0	1,500
Insurance Fund	1,220	0	1,220
Total Useable Reserves	115,866	7,327	123,193