

Appendix D SEA Framework

Table A.1: RTS SEA Framework (Updated)

	SEA Objectives	Guide Questions – Will the RTS	Criteria to Assess Candidate Transport Interventions and Schemes
1.	Health: Improve the health of the resident and workplace population, including with respect to physical and mental health and social wellbeing.	 Facilitate and encourage use of public transport and active travel? Improve accessibility to public open spaces, sports facilities, path networks? Reduce the negative impacts of transport on human health, especially in terms of pollution and air quality? Reduce the likelihood of transport-related road accidents and casualties? Improve access to healthcare facilities? Safeguard sensitive environmental receptors to maintain and enhance human health? 	 Proximity to and impacts on access to healthcare facilities. Proximity to and impacts on active travel networks. Proximity to and impacts on open space provision and accessibility.
2.	Accessibility: Reduce the need to travel and ensure appropriate and affordable access for all to facilities, services, economic opportunities and social activities.	 Reduce the need to travel? Increase the accessibility of public services, economic opportunities and markets? Improve the accessibility and integration of the transport network? Improve the accessibility of education infrastructure, in particular by active travel and public transport? Enhance access to active travel routes? 	 Proximity to and impacts on the public transport network. Proximity to the strategic road network (motorways and trunk roads). Proximity to and impacts on identified congestion pinch points. Proximity to and impacts on the accessibility of community



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3.	Material Assets: Manage, maintain and where possible improve the efficient and effective use of natural resources, land and infrastructure to meet identified needs.	 Reduce congestion and allow for greater journey time reliability? Help reduce severance effects of the transport network? Address changing transport needs resulting from population growth and ageing? Support the delivery of existing and emerging spatial strategies within national policy and applicable Development Plans? Improve the integration of land use and transport? Unlock the delivery of housing to meet identified needs? Facilitate the re-development of previously developed land? Support the provision of adequate infrastructure, services and facilities to meet identified needs? Enhance the resilience of infrastructure to adverse weather and 	facilities, public services and key amenities. Proximity to and impacts on the accessibility of education infrastructure. Proximity to and impacts on the delivery of key housing sites Proximity to and impacts on the re-development of previously developed land Impacts on natural resources, including the extraction of mineral resources
4.	Productivity, Competitiveness and Innovation: Deliver an integrated and efficient transport system to increase economic prosperity, support the growth of key economic sectors and deliver increased and more inclusive employment.	 the effects of climate change? Support the sustainable management of infrastructure assets? Promote the co-location of synergistic economic activities, industries and land uses? Support the efficient movement of freight? 	 Economic development and employment benefits unlocked by the intervention or scheme. Impacts on transport efficiency Impacts on the movement of freight



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		 Improve physical access to employment for all? Support increased and diversified employment opportunities? 	 Proximity to and impacts on existing and planned key employment locations.
5.	Air Quality and Amenity: Tackle poor air quality, reduce concentrations of harmful atmospheric pollutants and minimise exposure to noise and vibration.	 Maintain or enhance air quality? Reduce exposure to poor air quality? Support the implementation of existing Air Quality Action Plans (AQAPs)? Decrease noise and vibration levels at sensitive locations? Prevent and reduce emissions of harmful pollutants? 	 Proximity to and impacts on existing Air Quality Management Areas (AQMA). Likely impacts on the implementation of existing AQAPs. Proximity to congestion pinch points. Likely operational emissions.
6.	Climate Change Mitigation: Decarbonise the transport sector and support wider efforts to mitigate climate change.	 Support a sustainable pattern of development which minimises energy consumption and GHG emissions? Reduce reliance on car travel? Contribute to or challenge the decarbonisation of the transport sector? Promote modal shift towards sustainable and active travel? Promote the use of clean fuels and technologies? 	 Impacts on climate change mitigation: modal shifts and GHG emissions or saving (construction and operational phases)
7.	Biodiversity, Geodiversity and Soil: Conserve, protect and enhance biodiversity and geodiversity interests, including through safeguarding important sites, species, soil resources and habitats and by protecting green infrastructure.	 Ensure appropriate safeguards for the integrity and conservation objectives of sites designated at international, national or local levels for reasons of biodiversity or geodiversity value or species protection? 	 Proximity to and impacts on sites designated at international, national and local levels for reasons of biodiversity conservation, ecological importance or geological importance.



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		 Support the protection and enhancement of valued species and habitats? Support safeguarding against habitat loss or fragmentation? Support the protection and enhancement of protected trees and important woodland areas? Improve access to nature? Protect and enhance important soil resources? 	 Proximity to and impacts on designated woodlands, important trees or hedgerows and other valued habitats. Potential impacts on protected species.
8.	Water, Flood Risk and Resilience: Conserve, protect and enhance water environments, water quality and water resources, whilst adapting to climate change and reducing flood risks.	 Support improvement in the quality of waterbodies in accordance with the Water Framework Directive? Maintain or enhance the ecological and chemical status of the water environment in accordance with the Water Framework Directive? Affect the volume of surface water runoff into or abstraction from water bodies? Minimise the risk of flooding to people, property, infrastructure and environmental assets? Manage residual flood risks appropriately and avoid new flood risks? Seek to minimise new development in areas prone to flood risk? 	 Proximity to Flood Risk Zones. Proximity to and impacts on the WFD status of waterbodies and aquifers. Measures to enhance resilience to adverse weather and adapt to the effects of climate change



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		Promote the resilience of the transport system to the effects of climate change and adverse weather?	
9.	Cultural Heritage: Conserve, protect and enhance the historic environment and cultural assets.	 Conserve, protect and enhance (as appropriate) the integrity, character and setting of heritage assets (designated and undesignated)? 	 Proximity to and potential effects on heritage assets, important archaeological sites and their settings.
		 Preserve important archaeological sites and protect potential unknown archaeological resources? 	
10.	Landscape: Protect and enhance the landscape character, townscape character	Protect and enhance landscape character?	 Proximity to and impacts on designated landscapes.
	and visual amenity.	Safeguard important landscape and townscape features?	 Impacts on visual amenity and key views.
		Protect visual amenity and valued views?	 Impacts on settlement integration or coalescence.
		Prevent urban sprawl?	
		• Maintain and enhance the attractiveness of the public realm?	